QPS: Year 6 Mathematics end of year goals (based on statutory and non-statutory DFE mathematical guidance and the DFE Ready to Progress Criteria)

| Number and Place Value | Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and Division | Fractions | Ratio and Proportion | Algebra |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reasoning and problem solving | Reasoning and problem solving | Reasoning and problem solving | Reasoning and problem solving | Reasoning and problem solving |

## Read, write, orde and compare

 numbers up to 10,000,000 and of each digit.Round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy.

Use negative
numbers in context and calculate intervals across zero
Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above.

Multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using formal written method of long multiplication.

Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context

Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context.
Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers
Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers
Find prime factors of 2 digit numbers, and testing for prime numbers beyond 100 .
Use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations

Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.

Add and subtract any set of whole numbers and decimals using an appropriate written method.

Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division

Use mental arithmetic strategies when appropriate
Use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy.
Complements to 100 to 2 d.p.
Can solve calculations involving brackets

Use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination.

Compare and order fractions, including fractions >1
Add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions

Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, inc. in different contexts.

Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form [for example, 1/4 $\times 1 / 2=1 / 8$ )
Divide proper fractions by whole numbers [for example, $1 / 3 \div 2=1 / 6$ )
Associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for example, 3/8]
Identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places

Solve problems involving nmbr up to 3 d.p.
Solve problems which require answers to be rounded to a specified degrees of accuracy.
Solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $1 / 2,1 / 4,1 / 5,2 / 5,4 / 5$ and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25.

Multiply one-digit numbers with up to 2 d.p. by whole numbers.

Use written division methods with an answer has up to 2 d.p.

Recurring decimals.
Rounding decimals and recurring decimals to 1,2 and 3 dp .

Solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts

Solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as $15 \%$ of 360 ] and the use of percentages for comparison

Solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found

Solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples.

Consolidate understanding of ratio when comparing quantities, sizes and scale drawings by solving a variety of problems. They might use the notation $a: b$

Use simple formulae
Generate and describe linear number sequences

Express missing number problems algebraically

Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns

Enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables.

Use symbols and letters to represent variables and unknowns.

| Measurement | Geometry <br> Properties of Shape <br> Position, Direction \& Motion | Statistics |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reasoning and problem solving | Reasoning and problem solving | Reasoning and problem solving |
| Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate <br> Use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places <br> Convert between miles and kilometres <br> Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa <br> Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes <br> Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles <br> Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{3}\right)$ and cubic metres $\left(\mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$, and extending to other units [for example, $\mathrm{mm}^{3}$ and $\mathrm{km}^{3}$ ]. <br> Add and subtract positive and negatives integers for measures such as temperature. | Draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles <br> Recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets <br> Compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons <br> Illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius <br> Recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles. <br> Can use conventional markings and labels for lines and angles. <br> Relationship between angles and lengths expressed algebraically, for example, $d=2 \times r, a=180-(b+c)$. <br> Describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) <br> Draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes. | Interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems <br> Calculate and interpret the mean as an average and know when this is appropriate. <br> Draw graphs relating two variables. |

