

Year 4

		Year 4 Reading Sequential Layerin	g			
Range:	Books at an age appropriate interest level including: Fiction e.g. traditional tales, tales from other cultures, adventure stories. Non-fiction e.g. instructions, letters, non-chronological reports, explanations. Poetry e.g. classic poems, poems on a theme, riddles, rhyming poems.					
	Autumn	Spring	Summer	End of Year Key Learning Outcomes		
Word Reading	Use knowledge of root words to understand meanings of words, e.g. fame, famous, famously; surprise, surprisingly; decide, undecided, decision, indecisive; appear, reappear, disappear, appearance; favour, favourite, favourable.	Use knowledge of root words to understand meanings of words, <i>e.g.</i> strange, stranger, strangely, estranged; probable, probably, improbable; guide, misguided, guiding; answer, unanswered, answerable; centre, central, centred.	Use knowledge of root words to understand meanings of words, e.g. separate, separately, separation; image, imagine, imagination; continue, continually, continuation; inform, information, informative, informant; adore, adoringly, adoration.	Use knowledge of root words to understand meanings of words.		
	Use prefixes to understand meanings <i>e.g. ir-</i> (meaning 'not'): irregular, irreplaceable, irresponsible; il- (meaning 'not') illegal; illogical.	Use prefixes to understand meanings e.g. sub-(meaning 'under'): subheading, submarine, submerge. Inter- (meaning 'between'): interact, intercity, international.	Use prefixes to understand meanings e.g. super– (meaning 'above/beyond'): superman, supermarket; anti– (meaning 'against'): antiseptic, anticlockwise, antisocial; auto– (meaning 'self' or 'own'): autograph, autobiography.	Use prefixes to understand meanings e.g. in- , ir–, sub–,inter–,super–, anti–, auto–		
	Use suffixes to understand meanings of nouns e.gtion (meaning 'act of' or 'state of'): invention, description; - ssion (meaning 'act of' or 'state of'): confession, admission.	Use suffixes to understand meanings e.g. -cian (meaning 'having a skill or art'): musician, electrician. -sion (meaning 'act of' or 'state of'): decision, invasion, confusion.	Use suffixes to understand meanings of nouns e.g. –ation (indicating action or state): admiration, preparation, adoration, sensation, information.	Use suffixes to understand meanings e.g. –ation, - tion, – ssion, –cian, -sion.		
	Read and understand selected words from the Year 4 list.	Read and understand selected words from the Year 4 list.	Read and understand selected words from the Year 4 list.	Read and understand words from the Year 4 list.		
Fluency	Use punctuation to determine intonation and expression when reading aloud to a range of audiences, e.g. changing voice in response to inverted commas, pausing at commas in lists and commas used to demarcate clauses.	Use punctuation to determine intonation and expression when reading aloud to a range of audiences, <i>e.g.</i> <i>pausing at the comma after a fronted</i> <i>adverbial</i> .	Use punctuation and the meaning of key words to determine intonation and expression when reading aloud to a range of audiences, <i>e.g. The tour guide</i> <i>announced</i> 'Be back here at four o'clock!'	Use punctuation to determine intonation and expression when reading aloud to a range of audiences.		
Vocabulary Define and Explain	ine and words and phrases which capture the words and phrases which capture the		Identify, discuss and independently collect effective words and phrases which capture the reader's interest and imagination in poetry and narrative texts <i>e.g. similes and metaphors.</i>	Identify, discuss and collect effective words and phrases which capture the reader's interest and imagination <i>e.g.</i> <i>metaphors, similes.</i>		



	Identify key vocabulary and discuss possible meanings.	Work out the meaning of unfamiliar vocabulary using the context.	Explain the meaning of key vocabulary within the context of the text.	Explain the meaning of key vocabulary within the context of the text.	
	Use the first three letters to locate words in a dictionary.	Use dictionaries (first three letters) to check meanings of words they have read and identify the appropriate definition in relation to the context of the text.	Use dictionaries (first three letters) to check meanings of words they have read, identifying the appropriate definition and explaining its use in relation to the context of the text.	Use dictionaries to check meanings of words in the texts that they read.	
Explore	Identify and discuss themes introduced by the teacher.	Identify and discuss themes	Identify, discuss and compare themes across more than one text	Identify, analyse and discuss themes.	
	Evaluate how specific information is organised within a non-fiction text <i>e.g.</i> <i>text boxes, glossaries, diagrams,</i> <i>bibliographies.</i>	Evaluate how specific information is organised within a non-fiction text in print and on screen <i>e.g. text boxes, sub-</i> <i>headings, bullet points, glossary,</i> <i>diagrams. contents, index, headings, sub-</i> <i>headings, page numbers, hyperlinks, icons</i> <i>and drop down menus.</i>	Analyse and evaluate how specific information is organised within a nonfiction text in print and on screen <i>e.g.</i> <i>text boxes, sub-headings, bullet points,</i> <i>glossary, diagrams. contents, index,</i> <i>headings, sub-headings, page numbers,</i> <i>hyperlinks, icons and drop down menus.</i>	Analyse and evaluate how specific information is organised within a non- fiction text <i>e.g. text boxes, sub-headings,</i> <i>contents, bullet points, glossary,</i> <i>diagrams.</i>	
	Identify how paragraphs are used to organise and sequence information.	Explain how paragraphs are used to order or build up ideas.	Explain how paragraphs are used to order or build up ideas, and how they are linked.	Explain how paragraphs are used to order or build up ideas, and how they are linked.	
	Analyse and evaluate texts looking at language, structure and presentation and how these contribute to meaning <i>e.g. newspapers, classic poetry,</i> <i>explanations.</i>	Analyse and evaluate texts looking at language, structure and presentation and how these contribute to meaning <i>e.g.</i> <i>persuasion, non-chronological reports,</i> <i>issues and dilemmas</i>	Analyse and evaluate texts looking at language, structure and presentation and how these contribute to meaning <i>e.g. poems with a structure, folk tales,</i> <i>discussion texts.</i>	Analyse and evaluate texts looking at language, structure and presentation and how these contribute to meaning.	
	Discuss morals in fables, e.g. The Hare and the Tortoise, The Fox and the Crow, The Lion and the Mouse.	Discuss themes in fairy tales and folk tales e.g. good over evil, weak and strong, wise and foolish, rich and poor.	Identify and discuss themes in fairy tales and folk tales e.g. good over evil, weak and strong, wise and foolish, mean and generous, rich and poor.	Identify and discuss themes e.g. good over evil, weak and strong, wise and foolish, mean and generous, rich and poor.	
	Analyse texts looking at structure and presentation e.g. <i>persuasive letters and leaflets, shape poems and calligrams.</i>	Analyse texts looking at language, structure and presentation e.g. <i>poems</i> on a theme, discussion texts.	Analyse and evaluate texts looking at language, structure and presentation e.g. play scripts, classic poetry, explanations.	Analyse and evaluate texts looking at language, structure and presentation e.g. <i>persuasive letter, diary and</i> <i>calligram</i> etc.	
is already known, generate key questions knowledge on the to structure the task, <i>e.g.</i> the options for end		Before researching, orally recall existing knowledge on the subject, and reduce the options for enquiry by posing focused questions.	Prepare for factual research by reviewing what is known, what is needed, what is available and where one might search.	Prepare for research by identifying what is already known about the subject and key questions to structure the task.	



	Locate features of information texts in print and on screen. Scan texts in printSkim and scan texts in print or on screen to locate dates, numbers and names, headings, lists, bullet points, captions.Skim and scan texts in print or on screen to locate dates, numbers and names, words or phrases, headings, lists, bullet points, captions and key sentences.		ideas in a text.			
	Use graphic organisers as a tool to support collection and organisation of information <i>e.g. spidergram, flow</i> <i>chart, 'for' and 'against' columns.</i>	Make a simple record of information from texts read, e.g. by listing words, drawing together notes from more than one source.	Make short notes, e.g. by abbreviating ideas, selecting key words, listing or in diagrammatic form.	Record information from a range of non- fiction texts. Navigate texts, <i>e.g. using</i> <i>contents and index pages, in order to</i> <i>locate and retrieve information (print or</i> <i>on screen).</i>		
Inference	Draw inferences around characters' actions and justify with evidence from the text.	Draw inferences around characters' thoughts and feelings, and justify with evidence from the text.	Draw inferences around characters' motives, and justify with evidence from the text.	Draw inferences around characters' thoughts, feelings, actions and motives, and justify with evidence from the text using point and evidence.		
	Using a P oint provided by the teacher, Justify responses to the text - using one single piece of evidence from the text to support one specific point.	Justify responses to the text - building up several pieces of evidence.	Justify responses to the text with several piece of evidence from the text to support one specific point.	Justify responses to the text with several piece of evidence from the text to support one specific point.		
Prediction	Make predictions from different parts of the story, based on information stated.	Distinguish between information which is stated and that which is implied, <i>e.g.</i> <i>complete a sorting activity using some</i> <i>statements which make direct references</i> <i>to the text and others which contain</i> <i>implied information.</i>	Make predictions based on information stated and that which is implied.	Make predictions based on information stated and implied.		
Summarise / Sequencing	Identify the main idea from one paragraph and summarise orally <i>e.g.</i> In narrative - The main character is alarmed because or in a Newspaper – The event took place on at	Identify main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarise orally e.g. In narrative – The main character decided to leave because with two or more reasons, or in persuasive texts – Buy this today because with 1/2/3 reasons across a text.	Identify main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarise these orally and in writing e.g. The character is evil because1/2/3 reasons; Crowden River is a worthwhile place to visit because 1/2/3 reasons across a text.	Identify main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarise these e.g. character is evil because1/2/3 reasons, Crowden River is a worthwhile place to visit because 1/2/3 reasons across a text.		
Book Talk	Participate in discussion about what is read to them and books they have read independently <i>e.g. expressing</i> <i>preferences, providing opinions,</i> <i>generating, asking/answering</i> <i>questions,</i> <i>and making relevant comments</i>	Participate in discussion about what is read to them and books they have read independently, taking turns and listening to what others say, <i>e.g. building on the</i> <i>ideas and contributions of others and</i> <i>sharing personal reflections.</i>	Participate in discussion about what is read to them and books they have read independently, taking turns and listening to others e.g. expressing preferences and giving reasons, making recommendations or challenging others courteously.	Make and respond to contributions in a variety of group situations <i>e.g. whole class, independent reading groups, book circles.</i>		
	Evaluate rules for effective discussion which have been provided by the teacher. Agree on a selection to be used.	Develop and agree on rules for effective discussion, taking turns and listening to what others say.	Develop, agree on, use and reflect upon rules for effective discussion.	Participate in discussion about what is read to them and books they have read independently, taking turns and listening to what others say.		



Make extended contributions by making	Make appropriately extended	Develop, agree on and evaluate rules for
a point and elaborating, e.g. using an	contributions and respond to others in a	effective discussion.
example, quoting directly from the text,	variety of group situations e.g. whole	
making links with prior experiences of	class, independent reading groups, book	
reading or real life situations.	circles.	
Orally respond to texts, enthusiastically	Demonstrate enthusiasm for wider	Listen to, read and discuss a range of
sharing their opinions. Capture some	reading by confidently sharing opinions.	fiction, poetry, plays and non-fiction in
responses in writing e.g. performing and	Capture responses in writing in a variety	different forms e.g. fairy tales, folk tales,
recommending poems, completing a	of ways e.g. comparing and ranking	classic poetry, kennings, advertisements,
recommended reads chart, creating a	characters, contributing to a book	formal speeches, magazines, electronic
book review board game.	recommendation display.	texts.
Prepare a poem and/or play script to	Prepare a poem to perform and learn by	Prepare poems and play scripts to read
perform to another class or assembly,	heart. Use text marking, colour coding	aloud, showing understanding through
showing understanding through	and annotations to support planning and	intonation, tone, volume and action.
intonation, tone, volume and action. Use	rehearsal Perform the poem to an	Learn a range of poems by heart and
text marking, colour coding and	audience, showing understanding	rehearse for performance.
annotations to support planning and	through intonation, tone, volume and	
rehearsal.	action.	
Orally retell myths, fairy tales and	Orally retell myths, fairy stories and	Orally retell a range of stories, including
stories from other cultures, engaging the	stories from other cultures, engaging the	less familiar fairy stories, myths and
listener through use of eye contact,	listener through dramatic use of voice	legends.
expression, gesture / props.	and actions.	
	 a point and elaborating, e.g. using an example, quoting directly from the text, making links with prior experiences of reading or real life situations. Orally respond to texts, enthusiastically sharing their opinions. Capture some responses in writing e.g. performing and recommending poems, completing a recommended reads chart, creating a book review board game. Prepare a poem and/or play script to perform to another class or assembly, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action. Use text marking, colour coding and annotations to support planning and rehearsal. Orally retell myths, fairy tales and stories from other cultures, engaging the listener through use of eye contact, 	a point and elaborating, e.g. using an example, quoting directly from the text, making links with prior experiences of reading or real life situations.contributions and respond to others in a variety of group situations e.g. whole class, independent reading groups, book circles.Orally respond to texts, enthusiastically sharing their opinions. Capture some resomses in writing e.g. performing and recommended reads chart, creating a book review board game.Demonstrate enthusiasm for wider reading by confidently sharing opinions. Capture responses in writing in a variety of ways e.g. comparing and ranking characters, contributing to a book recommendation display.Prepare a poem and/or play script to perform to another class or assembly, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action. Use text marking, colour coding and annotations to support planning and rehearsal.Prepare a poem to perform and learn by heart. Use text marking, colour coding and annotations to support planning and rehearsal.Orally retell myths, fairy tales and stories from other cultures, engaging the listener through use of eye contact,Orally retell myths, fairy stories and stories from other cultures, engaging the listener through dramatic use of voice

Year 4 Word List for Reading & Spelling

appear	continue	grammar	material	possible	suppose
breadth	different	group	medicine	pressure	surprise
breathe	difficult	guard	mention	probably	therefore
build	disappear	guide	natural	recent	though/although
busy/business	exercise	imagine	opposite	regular	
calendar	experience	important	ordinary	remember	
caught	experiment	increase	particular	separate	
certain	extreme	interest	peculiar	special	
complete	famous	island	position	straight	
consider	favourite	knowledge	possess(ion)	strength	